



**NAMIBIA UNIVERSITY
OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY**

FACULTY OF HUMAN SCIENCES

DEPARTMENT OF SOCIAL SCIENCES

QUALIFICATION: BACHELOR OF PUBLIC MANAGEMENT SCIENCES	
QUALIFICATION CODE: 08BPMH	LEVEL: 8
COURSE CODE: REG811S	COURSE NAME: REGIONAL ECONOMIC GOVERNANCE
SESSION: JULY 2019	PAPER: THEORY
DURATION: 3 HOURS	MARKS: 100

SUPPLEMENTARY / SECOND OPPORTUNITY EXAMINATION QUESTION PAPER	
EXAMINER(S)	Dr. Johan Coetzee
MODERATOR:	Prof. Lesley Blaauw

INSTRUCTIONS
<ol style="list-style-type: none">1. This is an OPEN BOOK exam.2. Answer ALL the questions.3. Write clearly and neatly.4. Number the answers clearly.

PERMISSIBLE MATERIALS

1. Any material that is indirectly related to the subject.

THIS QUESTION PAPER CONSISTS OF 2 PAGES (Including this front page)

QUESTION 1

Discuss the **two global trends**, namely **increased job insecurity** and **good governance**. Describe the two trends as follow:

- (a) Provide a short description of the topics.
- (b) Why it is a global trend?
- (c) Why does it affect most countries in the world and regional economic integration?
- (d) What will be the negative impacts if nothing is done about it worldwide, by individual countries and in the regional context?

(25)

QUESTION 2

Discuss **lessons for regional economic communities in Africa** from the ongoing crisis in the European Union. Also discuss **which oversights need to be prevented and make appropriate recommendations for Africa**.

(25)

QUESTION 3

Given the **barriers** associated with the **fragmented regional market** in Southern Africa in which Namibia is part and parcel make recommendations how to overcome the following:

- (a) Inefficiencies in transport, customs and logistics;
- (b) Cumbersome fiscal arrangements widen borders;
- (c) Restrictive rules of origin limit preferential trade;
- (d) Poorly designed standards limit competitiveness; and
- (e) Other non-tariff barriers (NTBs) restricting opportunities for regional sourcing.

(25)

QUESTION 4

Answer the following questions:

- (a) Explain why there was an upswing in regional trade agreements from 1992 onwards. How did it affect Namibia? (6)
- (b) Discuss regional integration convergence criteria that SADC has not executed. Recommend what needs to be done. (8)
- (c) What are the key instruments and benefits of SACU? Discuss. (3)
- (d) The presence of foreign debt and excessive government spending in proportion to GDP in Namibia are associated with several flaws. Discuss six. (8)

Total (25)